Guidance on Doing Well by Doing Good: Mapping SASB's Material Issues to the SDGs

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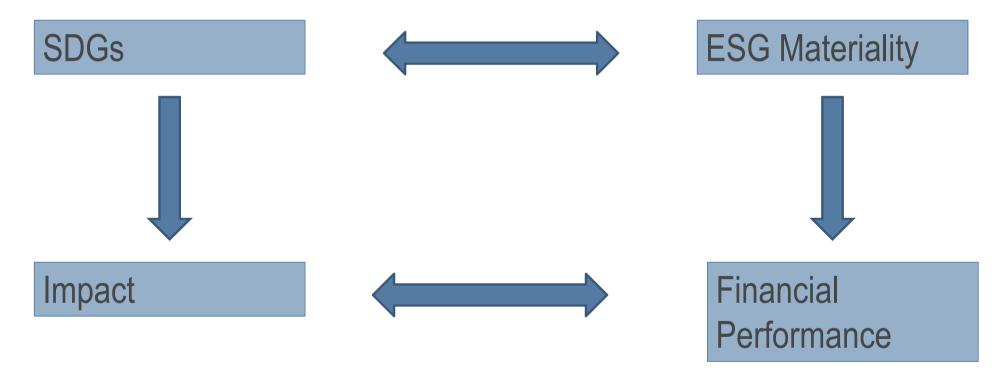
Agenda

- 1. Goal of the Research
- 2. Research Design
- 3. Research Background
- 4. Research Methodology
- 5. Calculated Indices
- 6. Next Steps

Goal of the Research

Answer the question: 'Can a company do well by doing good?'

Research Design



Research Background

1. SDGs and Private Sector:

- Need of the private sector in financing the SDGs
- SDGs are business opportunities for private sector
- Existing impact measures
 - Outside the company (for example UN SDSN, 2015)
 - Inside the company but not synthetic measure : SDG prioritisation (PwC, 2018); SDG reporting , (KPMG, 2018); Total Value approach, EY (2018)...

2. ESG Materiality:

- SASB Materiality Map
- Evidence on materiality (Khan et al.,2016)

Sector-Level SASB Materiality Map

_ISSUES	Health Care	Financials	Technology and Communications	Non- Renewable Resources	Transportation	Services	Resource Transformation	Consumption	Renewable Resources & Alternative Energy	Infrastructure
	Cilick to expand	Cilick to expand	Cilick to expand	Cilick to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand	Click to expand
Environment										
GHG emissions Air quality Energy management Fuel management Water and wastewater management Waste and hazardous materials management Biodiversity impacts										
Social Capital										
Human rights and community relations Access and affordability Customer welfare Data security and customer privacy Fair disclosure and labeling Fair marketing and advertising										
Human Capital										
Labor relations Fair labor practices Employee health, safety and wellbeing Diversity and inclusion Compensation and benefits Recruitment, development and retention										
Business Model and Innovation										
Lifecycle impacts of products and services Environmental, social impacts on assets & operations Product packaging Product quality and safety										
Leadership and Governance										
Systemic risk management Accident and safety management Business ethics and transparency of payments Competitive behavior Regulatory capture and political influence										
Materials sourcing FORSupply chain management										

Industry-Level SASB Materiality Map for Health Care

4												
ISSUES			Healt	h Care			Financials	Technology and Communications	Non- Renewable Resources	Transportation	Services	Res Transfo
100000	Blotechnology	Pharmaceuticals	Medical Equipment and Supplies	Health Care Delivery	Health Care Distribution	Managed Care	Click to expand	Click to expand	Cilick to expand	Cilick to expand	Click to expand	Clickt
Environment												
GHG emissions												
Air quality												
Energy management												
Fuel management Water and wastewater management												
Waste and hazardous materials management												_
Biodiversity impacts												
Social Capital												
Human rights and community relations												
Access and affordability												
Customer welfare												
Data security and customer privacy												
Fair disclosure and labeling												
Fair marketing and advertising												
Human Capital												
Labor relations												
Fair labor practices												
Employee health, safety and wellbeing Diversity and inclusion												
Compensation and benefits												
Recruitment, development and retention												
Business Model and Innovatio	n											
Lifecycle impacts of products and services												
Environmental, social impacts on assets &												
operations												
Product packaging												
Product quality and safety												
Leadership and Governance												
Systemic risk management												
Accident and safety management												
Business ethics and transparency of payments Competitive behavior												
Regulatory capture and political influence												
Materials sourcing												

Supply chain management

Sector and Industry Level SASB Materiality Map: Health Care and Biotechnology

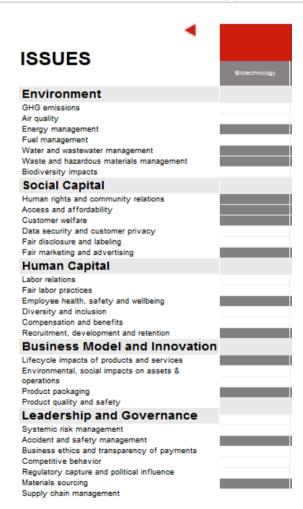
ISSUES Click to expand Environment GHG emissions Air quality Energy management Fuel management Water and wastewater management Waste and hazardous materials management Biodiversity impacts Social Capital Human rights and community relations Access and affordability Customer welfare Data security and customer privacy Fair disclosure and labeling Fair marketing and advertising **Human Capital** Labor relations Fair labor practices Employee health, safety and wellbeing Diversity and inclusion Compensation and benefits Recruitment, development and retention **Business Model and Innovation** Lifecycle impacts of products and services Environmental, social impacts on assets & operations Product packaging Product quality and safety Leadership and Governance Systemic risk management Accident and safety management Business ethics and transparency of payments Competitive behavior Regulatory capture and political influence Materials sourcing Supply chain management

Health Care

Dark grey: the issue is likely to be material for more than 50% of industries in the sector

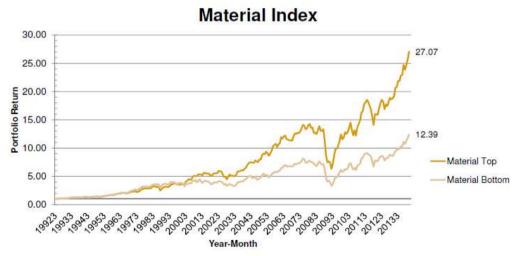
Light grey: the issue is likely to be material for less than 50% of industries in the sector

White: the issue is not likely to be material for any of the industries in the sector



Firms that perform well on material issues enjoy enhanced accounting and market returns over firms that perform poorly on these factors





Mo Khan, George Serafeim and Aaron Youn, Corporate Sustainability: First Evidence on Materiality, HBS working paper, 2014.

Source, HBS research: http://hbswk.hbs.edu/item/7755.html

Firms that perform well on immaterial issues do not achieve better returns than firms that perform poorly on these factors

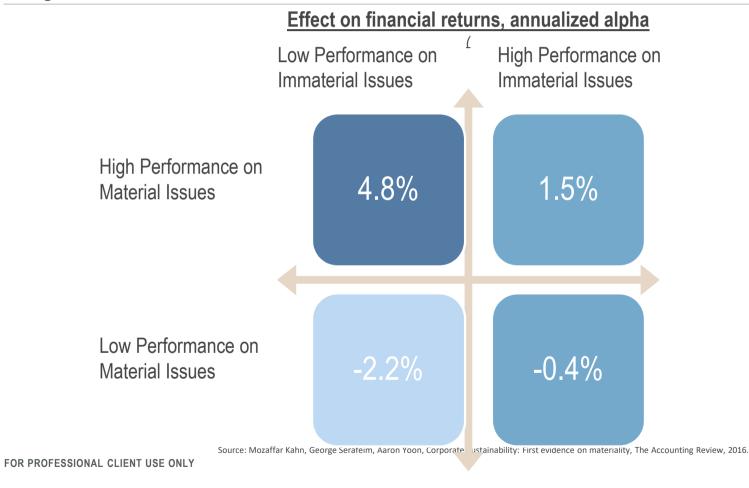




Mo Khan, George Serafeim and Aaron Youn, Corporate Sustainability: First Evidence on Materiality, HBS working paper, 2014.

Source, HBS research: http://hbswk.hbs.edu/item/7755.html

Using SASB to Drive Performance



Research Methodology

1. Map of each SASB's issue with SDGs

2. Two sets of indices:

- a. Two indices that measure: the ability of SASB's issues to impact the SDGs and the relevance of the SDGs for SASB's issues
- b. Four indices that measure the ability of each sector to impact the SDGs

Calculated Indices

Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
SRI	SDG Relevance Index	Each SASB issue	Number of SDGs impacted by each SASB issue/16
ERI	ESG Relevance Index	Each SDG	Number of SASB's issue impacting the SDG/30
ISII	Industry SDG Impact Index	Each SDG in each industry	Ratio (multiplied by 100) between the number of industry specific material issues impacting the SDG on the total number of SASB'issues impacting the SDGs
SSII	Sector SDG Impact Index	Each SDG in each sector	Average of ISIIs for industries in the sector
AISII	Average Industry SDG Impact Index	All SDGs in each industry	Average of ISIIs for all SDGs
ASSII	Average Sector SDG Impact Index	All SDGs in each Sector	Average of SSIIs for all SDGs

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Calculated Indices: SDG Relevance Index (SRI)

Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
SRI	SDG Relevance Index	Fach SASB's issue	Number of SDG impacted by each SASB's issue/16

Example:

Data security and customer privacy: n° SDGs

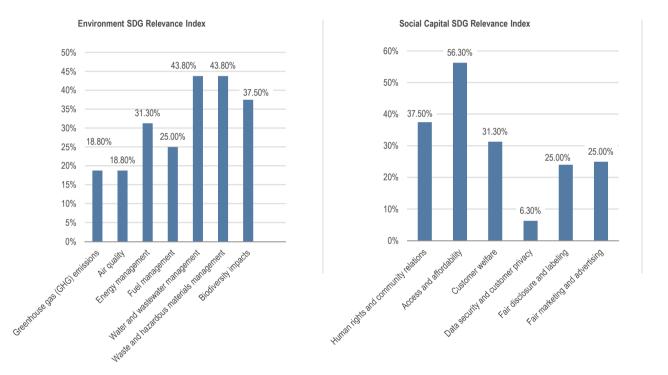
impacted: 1; SRI: 6.25%

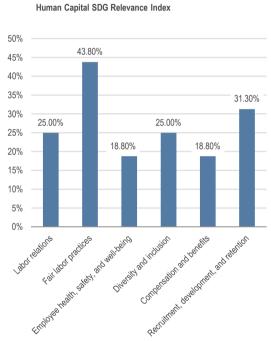
Supply chain management: n° SDGs impacted

14; SRI: 87.5%

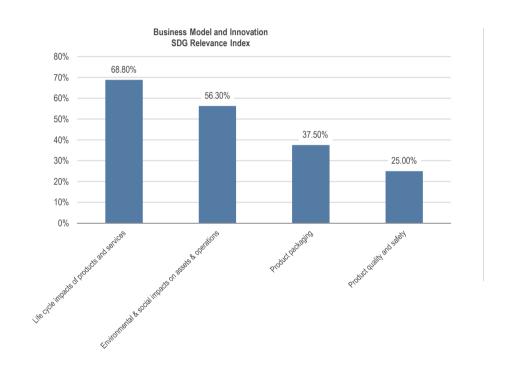
- The SRI index ranges from 6.3% to 87.5% with a mean of 34.2%
- This shows that some SASB topics are much important to the SDGs in terms of scope than others but also that the SASB topics are in general relevant to the SDGs

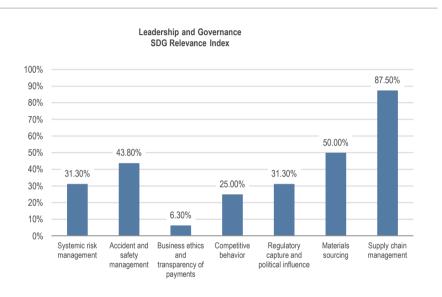
Calculated Indices: SDG Relevance Index (SRI)





Calculated Indices: SDG Relevance Index (SRI)





Calculated Indices: ESG Relevance Index (ERI)

Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
ERI	ESG Relevance Index	Each SDG	Number of SASB's issue impacting the SDG/30

Example:

SDG 4: impacted by 4 SASB's issues; ERI: 13%

SDG 3: impacted by 18 SASB's issues; ERI: 60%

- ERI provides information about the extent to which each SDG is impacted by SASB's issues
- The ERI index ranges from 13% to 60% with a mean of 36%
- This shows that some SDGs are more impacted by SASB's issues than others

Calculated Indices: ESG Relevance Index (ERI)

SDG	SASB General Issue Category	% of SASB Issues Mapped with the Single SDG	SDG	SASB General Issue Category	% of SASB Issues Mapped with the Single SDG	SDG	SASB General Issue Category	% of SASB Issues Mapped with the Single SDG
SDG #1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere.	Access & affordability Accident & safety management Compensation & benefits Competitive behavior	37%	SDG #7: Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable, and modern	 Energy management Environmental & social impacts on assets & 	33%	SDG #12: Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.	Accident & safety management Air quality Biodiversity impacts Energy management Fuel management	50%
SDG #2: End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition, and promote sustainable agriculture	Biodiversity impacts Customer welfare Environmental & social impacts on assets & operations Fair disclosure and labeling	33%	energy for all.	operation • Fuel management		SDG #13: Take urgent action to	Energy management Environmental & social impacts on	
SDG #3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.	Fair marketing and advertising Access & affordability Accident & safety management Air quality Customer welfare Employee health, safety & well-being	60%	SDG #8: Promote inclusive and sustainable economic growth, employment, and decent work for all.	Compensation & benefits	47%	combat climate change and its impacts.	assets & operation Fuel management Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions Life cycle impacts of products & services	30%
SDG #4: Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education for all and promote lifelong learning.	(and 13 more) Customer welfare Fair disclosure & labeling Fair marketing & advertising Recruitment, development & retention	13%	SDG #9: Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization, and foster innovation.	Access & affordability Competitive behavior Energy management Environmental & social impacts on assets & operation Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions	30%	SDG #14: Conserve and sustainab use the oceans, seas, and marine resources for sustainable development.	y • Accident & safety management Biodiversity impacts • Greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions • Life cycle impacts of products & services • Product packaging	27%
SDG #5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.	Access & affordability Diversity & inclusion Employee health safety & well-being Fair labor practices Materials sourcing Recruitment, development & retention	23%	SDG #10: Reduce inequality within and among countries.	Access & affordability Compensation & benefits Competitive behavior Diversity & inclusion Fair labor practices	33%	SDG #15: Protect, restore, and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and revers land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.	Customer welfare Environmental & social imposts on	40%
SDG #6: Ensure access to water and sanitation for all.	Access & affordability Accident & safety management Biodiversity impacts Customer welfare Environmental & social impacts on assets & operation	43%	SDG #11: Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient, and sustainable.	Access & affordability Air quality Biodiversity impacts Environmental & social impacts on assets & operation Human rights and community relations	33%	SDG #16: Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all, and build effective, accountable, and inclusive institutions at all level	Business ethics & transparency of payments Data security & customer privacy Diversity & inclusion Fair disclosure & labeling Fair labor practices	37%

Calculated Indices: Industry SDG Impact Index (ISII)

	Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
	ISII	Industry SDG Impact Index	Each SDG in each industry	Ratio (multiplied by 100) between the number of industry specific material issues impacting the SDG on the total number of SASB'issues impacting the SDGs
		Example: Biotechnolog	gy Industry	
		SDG ISII	SDG ISII	
		SDG1 40.00	SDG2 50.00	
		SDG3 55.56	SDG4 75.00	
		SDG5 57.14	SDG6 53.85	
		SDG7 40.00	SDG8 50.00	
		SDG9 55.56	SDG10 40.00	
		SDG11 60.00	SDG12 42.86	
		SDG13 37.50	SDG14 57.14	
FOR PROFE	ESSIONAL CLIENT USE ONLY	SDG15 54.55	SDG16 36.36	

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Calculated indices: Sector SDG Impact Index (SSII)

Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
SSII	Sector SDG Impact Index	Hach Sill- in bach spotor	Average of ISIIs for industries in the sector

SDG SSII	SDG SSII
SDG1 25.00	SDG2 39.58
SDG3 39.81	SDG4 54.17
SDG5 33.33	SDG6 38.46
SDG7 31.67	SDG8 29.76
SDG9 38.89	SDG10 21.67
SDG11 38.33	SDG12 29.76
SDG13 33.33	SDG14 35.71
SDG15 40.91	SDG16 28.79

Calculated indices: Average Industry SDG Impact Index (AISII) and Average Sector SDG Impact Index (ASSII)

Acronym	Full name	Measured for:	Description
AISII	Average Industry SDG Impact Index	All SDGs in each industry	Average of ISIIs for all SDGs
ASSII	Average Sector SDG Impact Index	All SDGs in each Sector	Average of SSIIs for all SDGs

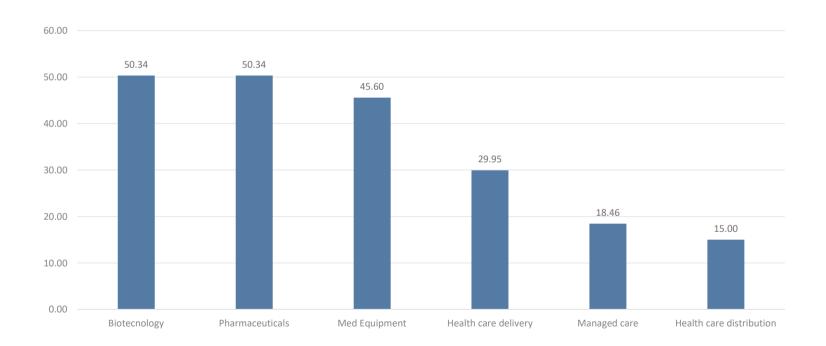
Example:

Biotechnology – AISII: 50.34

Health Care - ASSII: 34.95

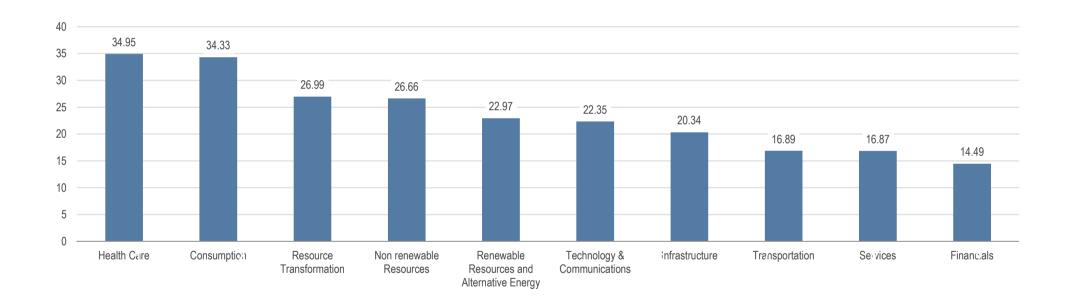
Industry Ranking for SDGs in the Health Care sector

SDG Total (AISII) in ranking order



Sector Ranking for SDGs

SDG Total (ASSII) in ranking order



Next Steps

- Target level mapping
- Make a user-friendly version of this tool and put it out in the public domain as a guide for investors and companies
- Discussing this now with a few asset managers, asset owners and sellside firms
- Happy to share with anyone on this webinar
- Eager for suggestions on how to get the most practical use for this mapping and future research to be done
- Particularly interested in how to measure impact

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